

CURRICULUM

OF STUDIES AND THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE FOR THE DIPLOMA OF UEMS PRM BOARD

CURRICULUM OF STUDIES AND THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE FOR THE DIPLOMA OF THE EUROPEAN BOARD OF PHYSICAL AND REHABILITATION MEDICINE

A. Topics of General Interest in PRM

- A.1. Field of Competence of PRM
- A.2. PRM and WHO-ICF (International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health)
- A.3. PRM Assessment
- A.4. PRM Diagnostics
- A.5. Main health interventions in PRM 1 (information, education, medical treatments, PRM programmes)
- A.6. Main health interventions in PRM 2 (including therapeutic exercise and physical modalities)
- A.7. Outcome Measurement in PRM
- A.8. Quality of Life (QOL) Assessment in PRM
- A.9. PRM and Electrodiagnosis
- A.10. Neuromuscular Functional Electrical Stimulation; Biofeedback
- A.11. Kinesiology; Gait Analysis; Motion Analysis; Posturography
- A.12. Orthotics and Prosthetics
- A.13. Wheelchairs and assistive technology
- A.14. Augmentative Devices for the Disabled
- A.15. Advanced Assistive Technologies in PRM
- A.16. Ergonomic Considerations in House, Workplace and other conditions of Disabled Persons
- A.17. PRM and Sports; PRM and Sports for the Disabled
- A.18. Role of Complementary/Alternative-Medicine in Rehabilitation (balneology, manual medicine, pain management, etc.)
- A.19. Research in PRM
- A.20. Ethical Considerations in PRM
- A.21. Other in Biosciences in Rehabilitation, Biomedical Rehabilitation Sciences and Engineering, and Human Functioning Sciences

B. PRM and Disorders of Nervous System

- B.1. PRM and people with Stroke
- B.2. PRM and people with Acquired Brain Injury
- B.3. PRM and people with other Diseases of the Brain
- B.4. PRM and people with Diseases and Trauma of the Spinal Cord
- B.5. PRM and people with Autoimmune and inflammatory neurological conditions (e.g. Multiple Sclerosis)
- B.6. PRM and people with Movement disorders, including Spasticity and Neurodegenerative diseases (e.g. Parkinson's disease)
- B.7 PRM and people with Neuropathies, Myopathies, and Peripheral Nerve Lesions
- B.8. PRM and people with Disorders of Cognition & Behaviour (including neuropsychological assessment)
- B.9. PRM and people with Language, Speech and Swallowing disorders
- B.10. PRM and Children and Adults with Cerebral palsy
- B.11. PRM and Children and Adults with congenital deficits, including neuromuscular disease
- B.12. Other

C. PRM and Orthopaedic and Musculoskeletal Disorders

- C.1. PRM and people with Musculoskeletal Disorders, including soft tissue problems (e.g. fibromyalgia, chronic fatigue syndrome, etc) and work-related musculoskeletal disorders
- C.2. PRM and people with Spinal Disorders (including back pain)
- C.3. PRM and people with Osteoarthritis, crystal arthritis and degenerative musculoskeletal conditions
- C.4. PRM and people with inflammatory and autoimmune conditions (e.g. Rheumatoid Arthritis and SLE, etc.)
- C.5. PRM and people with Osteoporosis
- C.6. PRM and people with Hand Injury
- C.7. PRM and people with Trauma due to trunk and limb injuries (other than C.9) and Fractures
- C.8. PRM and people after Reconstructive Orthopaedics
- C.9. PRM and people with Limb loss (including congenital causes) and Amputations
- C.10. PRM and people with Complex Regional Pain Syndromes
- C.11. PRM and people with Temporomandibular joint Disorders
- C.12. Other

D. PRM in Other Specific Disabling Conditions

- D.1. PRM and people with Cardiac and Vascular diseases
- D.2. PRM and people with Respiratory Diseases
- D.3. PRM and people with Cancer
- D.4. PRM and people with Chronic Pain (see also C.11)
- D.5. PRM and the Elderly patient (including the immobile patient)
- D.6. PRM and Children with disability (other than B.11 and B.12)
- D.7. PRM and people with Postural Instability and Recurrent Falls
- D.8. PRM and people needing Wound Care (promotion of tissue viability, prevention and treatment of Pressure Sores)
- D.9. PRM and people with Bladder and Bowel Disorders
- D.10. PRM, disability and sexuality
- D.11. PRM and people with Organ Transplantation
- D.12. Other (i.e. rehabilitation in major burns, metabolic disorders, psychiatric disorders, hearing & visual disorders, etc.)

E. Integrative and Clinical Rehabilitation Sciences

- E.1. PRM Services Research
- E.2. Comprehensive PRM Intervention Research
- E.3. PRM Administration and Management
- E.4. Short clinical research on best care including guidelines, organization, coordination, and education
- E.5. Standards and guidelines for the provision of best care (including Evidence Based Medicine) in PRM
- E.6. PRM quality management
- E.7. Scientific education and training of professionals in PRM
- E.8. Development and evaluation of the PRM team and multidisciplinary care
- E. 9. Community-based rehabilitation issues
- E.10. Networks and pathways in PRM
- E.11. Other